- (1) Conduct formal hearings in accordance with the provisions of this part;
- (2) Administer oaths and examine witnesses:
- (3) Compel the production of documents and appearance of witnesses by the issuance of subpoenas;
- (4) Issue decisions and orders with respect to claims as provided in this part; and
- (5) Do all other things necessary to enable him or her to discharge the duties of the office.
- (c) If any person in proceedings before an adjudication officer disobeys or resists any lawful order or process, or misbehaves during a hearing or so near the place thereof as to obstruct the same, or neglects to produce, after having been ordered to do so, any pertinent book, paper or document, or refuses to appear after having been subpoenaed, or upon appearing refuses to take the oath as a witness, or after having taken the oath refuses to be examined according to law, the district director, or the administrative law judge responsible for the adjudication of the claim, shall certify the facts to the Federal district court having jurisdiction in the place in which he or she is sitting (or to the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia if he or she is sitting in the District) which shall thereupon in a summary manner hear the evidence as to the acts complained of, and, if the evidence so warrants, punish such person in the same manner and to the same extent as for a contempt committed before the court, or commit such person upon the same condition as if the doing of the forbidden act had occurred with reference to the process or in the presence of the court.

§ 725.352 Disqualification of adjudication officer.

(a) No adjudication officer shall conduct any proceedings in a claim in which he or she is prejudiced or partial, or where he or she has any interest in the matter pending for decision. A decision to withdraw from the consideration of a claim shall be within the discretion of the adjudication officer. If that adjudication officer withdraws, another officer shall be designated by

- the Director or the Chief Administrative Law Judge, as the case may be, to complete the adjudication of the claim.
- (b) No adjudication officer shall be permitted to appear or act as a representative of a party under this part while such individual is employed as an adjudication officer. No adjudication officer shall be permitted at any time to appear or act as a representative in connection with any case or claim in which he or she was personally involved. No fee or reimbursement shall be awarded under this part to an individual who acts in violation of this paragraph.
- (c) No adjudication officer shall act in any claim involving a party which employed such adjudication officer within one year before the adjudication of such claim.
- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this section, no adjudication officer shall be permitted to act in any claim involving a party who is related to the adjudication officer by consanguinity or affinity within the third degree as determined by the law of the place where such party is domiciled. Any action taken by an adjudication officer in knowing violation of this paragraph shall be void.

§ 725.360 Parties to proceedings.

- (a) Except as provided in §725.361, no person other than the Secretary of Labor and authorized personnel of the Department of Labor shall participate at any stage in the adjudication of a claim for benefits under this part, unless such person is determined by the appropriate adjudication officer to qualify under the provisions of this section as a party to the claim. The following persons shall be parties:
 - (1) The claimant;
- (2) A person other than a claimant, authorized to execute a claim on such claimant's behalf under §725.301;
- (3) Any coal mine operator notified under §725.407 of its possible liability for the claim;
- (4) Any insurance carrier of such operator; and
- (5) The Director in all proceedings relating to a claim for benefits under this part.